## Heartsaver CPR: Adult CPR Scenarios—A

**Purpose:** Management of adult cardiac arrest requiring the performance of CPR with bystanders present. The victim is supported until the arrival of EMS personnel with a defibrillator. The victim is defibrillated and begins to move while being loaded into the ambulance.

**Setup:** Assign 1 participant to function as a rescuer, 1 as a 911 caller, and 1 as an observer.

Scenario	Scenario Assignments/	Assessment	<b>Expected Rescuer Actions</b>	
	Discussion	Findings		
1-rescuer	First Round	• Unresponsive	Check for	
adult CPR—A	Rescuer: Participant 1 or 4		responsiveness (none)	
Cardiac arrest	911 call: Participant 2 or 5		Direct bystander to	
<ul> <li>Bystander present</li> </ul>	Observer: Participant 3 or 6		phone 911	
Rescuer	Second Round	Not breathing	Check breathing	
establishes unresponsive-	Rescuer: Participant 2 or 5		(absent)	
ness and	911 call: Participant 3 or 6		Provide rescue breaths	
directs bystander to	Observer: Participant 1 or 4		that cause chest rise	
call 911	Third Round		Check signs of	
<ul> <li>Rescuer performs 1-</li> </ul>	Rescuer: Participant 3 or 6	• Signs of	circulation (absent)	
person CPR	erson CPR 911 call: Participant 1 or 4	circulation	Provide chest	
for 1 minute  • After 1 minute	Observer: Participant 2 or 5	absent	compressions	
no signs of	You are a police officer/first responder		Perform 1-person CPR	
circulation are present and	who has been summoned to an office		for 1 minute.	
CPR is	building in response to a 911 call. You		• Check signs of	
continued • EMS	encounter a 45-year-old male who has	• Signs of	circulation (absent)	
personnel	collapsed behind his desk.	circulation	Continue CPR for	
arrive with AED and	• You are a security guard on duty in the	absent	several cycles	
victim is	mall. A 55-year-old female suddenly		EMS personnel arrive	
defibrillated and begins moving	collapses in front of you.	• EMS	with an AED and	
	You are a high school	personnel	assume responsibility	
	teacher/coach/athletic trainer who is in	arrive and	for the victim's care	
	the gym when a 17-year-old male who	attach AED; a		
	was playing basketball suddenly	shock is		
	collapses to the floor.	indicated, and	*Office = police officer =	

	after delivery	no call needed (officer is
	of the shock	responding to 911 call)
	the victim	*Mall = 911
	regains a	*High school = 911
	pulse. While	
	being loaded	
	into the	
	ambulance,	
	the victim	
	begins	
	moving.	

HS Adult CPR—A

## Heartsaver CPR: Infant CPR Scenarios—A

**Purpose:** Management of infant cardiac arrest requiring the performance of CPR by a lone rescuer. The victim is resuscitated after a brief period of CPR.

**Setup:** Assign 1 participant to function as a lone rescuer who must phone 911 at the appropriate time. The other 2 participants serve as observers.

Scenario	Scenario Assignments/	Assessment	<b>Expected Rescuer Actions</b>	
	Discussion	Findings		
1-rescuer	First Round	• Unresponsive	Check for	
infant CPR—A	Rescuer: Participant 1 or 4		responsiveness (none)	
Cardiac arrest	Observer: Participant 2, 3, 5, 6	Not breathing	Check breathing	
<ul> <li>Bystander not present</li> </ul>	Second Round		(absent)	
Rescuer	Rescuer: Participant 2 or 5		Provide rescue breaths	
performs 1- rescuer CPR	Observer: Participant 1, 3, 4, 6		that cause chest rise	
for 1 minute	Third Round	• Signs of	• Check signs of	
<ul> <li>Rescuer leaves and</li> </ul>	Rescuer: Participant 3 or 6	circulation	circulation (absent)	
calls 911 after	Observer: Participant 1, 2, 4, 5	absent	Provide chest	
1 minute of CPR	• You take your 2-month-old niece for a		compressions	
<ul> <li>Rescuer</li> </ul>	walk in the stroller. Suddenly in the		Perform 1-rescuer	
continues 1- rescuer CPR	middle of the walk you notice that she is		CPR for 1 minute	
on return	blue and unresponsive.		After 1 minute of	
<ul> <li>Signs of circulation and</li> </ul>	• You are a sheriff/police officer/first	• Phone 911	CPR, rescuer phones	
breathing return after several	responder on duty when you are		911	
	dispatched to an anonymous 911 call		Perform 1-rescuer	
minutes of CPR	about a sick baby who is home alone.		CPR for 1e or 2	
CPR	Upon your arrival you find a 7-month-		minutes on return	
	old girl in her crib, unresponsive. There		(simulated)	
	is no one else in the home.	• Signs of	Recheck signs of	
	• You are a babysitter who is caring for an	circulation	circulation (present)	
	11-month-old girl. You check in her crib	return	Recheck breathing	
	and notice that the baby is blue and not	Breathing	(breathing returns)	
	moving.	returns	*Niece, rescuer makes call	
			= 911	

	*Sheriff/police = no call needed (sheriff responding to 911 call)  *Babysitter makes call = 911

**HS Infant CPR—A** 

## Heartsaver CPR: Infant (Responsive) FBAO Scenarios—C

**Purpose:** Management of infant severe or complete foreign-body airway obstruction requiring back blows and chest thrusts by a lone rescuer. The obstruction is relieved before a phone call to 911 is required.

**Setup:** Assign 1 participant the role of rescuer. Normally 911 is called if the infant becomes unresponsive or the airway obstruction is not immediately relieved and signs of severe or complete airway obstruction are present. But here the airway obstruction *is* relieved before a 911 call is necessary, so both the 2nd and 3rd participants will serve as observers.

Scenario	Scenario Assignments/	Assessment	Expected Rescuer	
	Discussion	Findings	Actions	
1-rescuer	First Round	• Signs of	Recognize signs of	
infant FBAO—C	Rescuer: Participant 1 or 4	severe or	severe or complete	
• FBAO	Observer : Participant 2, 3, 5, 6	complete	FBAO in infant	
<ul> <li>Bystander is not present or</li> </ul>	Second Round	FBAO (infant	Pick up infant and lay	
cannot	Rescuer: Participant 2 or 5	can't cry,	infant across rescuer's	
function • Rescuer	Observer: Participant 1, 3, 4 6	cough and	forearm, supporting	
performs relief	Third Round	voice silent or	head lower than body	
of FBAO for responsive	Rescuer: Participant 3 or 6	weak,	• Provide 5 back blows	
infant (back	Observer : Participant 1, 2, 4, 5	breathing may	• Provide 5 chest thrusts	
blows and chest thrusts)	• You are at home when your 8-month-old	produce high-	Repeat back blows and	
Obstruction is	daughter picks up something from the	pitched noises	chest thrusts until	
relieved and infant can	floor and puts it in her mouth. Suddenly	or wheezing,	object expelled or	
breathe	she begins coughing and wheezing. Her	lips and	infant becomes	
normally again	coughs become very faint, and it is clear	fingernails	unconscious	
agaiii	that she is struggling to breathe.	may become	• The object flies out of	
	You are a security guard at a daycare	blue)	the infant's mouth after	
	center when one of the workers shouts	• Normal	the third round of back	
	that a baby is choking. You rush into the	breathing	blows and chest thrusts	
	infant lunch room to find the infant	resumes when	(normal breathing	
	sitting in a highchair and making only	object is	resumes)	
	high-pitched wheezing sounds with no	expelled		
	forceful cough or cry. Animal crackers			
	are scattered on the highchair tray.			

You stop by a fast-food restaurant just	
before closing time. Suddenly a mother	I
shouts that her infant son has choked on	
a french fry. You run to the infant and	
find him struggling to breathe but not	I
making a sound.	I

HS Infant FBAO—C

## Heartsaver CPR: Child CPR Scenarios—A

**Purpose:** These scenarios present the problem of cardiac arrest in the child, requiring the performance of CPR with bystanders present. The victim regains signs of circulation but continues to require rescue breathing.

**Setup:** Assign 1 participant to function as a rescuer, 1 to function as a 911 caller, and 1 to serve as an observer.

Scenario	Scenario Assignments/ Assessment		<b>Expected Rescuer Actions</b>	
	<b>Discussion</b> Findings			
1-rescuer	First Round	• Unresponsive	Check for	
child CPR—A	Rescuer: Participant 1 or 4		responsiveness (none)	
Cardiac arrest	911 call: Participant 2 or 5		Direct bystander to	
Bystander is	Observer: Participant 3 or 6		phone 911	
present	Second Round	Not breathing	Check breathing	
Rescuer directs	Rescuer: Participant 2 or 5		(absent)	
bystander to	911 call: Participant 3 or 5		Provide rescue breaths	
call 911	Observer: Participant 1 or 4		that cause chest rise	
Rescuer	Third Round	• Signs of	Check signs of	
performs 1-	Rescuer: Participant 3 or 6	circulation	circulation (absent)	
rescuer CPR for	911 call: Participant 1 or 4	absent	Provide chest	
1 minute	Observer: Participant 2 or 5		compressions	
Signs of	You are a librarian/teacher who is		Perform 1-rescuer	
circulation do	working with a small group of children.		CPR for 1 minute	
not return	A 5-year-old girl suddenly collapses in		(simulated)	
Rescuer	her chair. A bystander who does not	• Signs of	Recheck signs of	
performs 1 or 2	know CPR is present.	circulation	circulation (absent)	
more minutes	You are a camp lifeguard/	absent	Continue 1-rescuer	
of 1-rescuer	counselor on duty at a camp. You are at		CPR	
CPR	the pool and see a 6-year-old girl	• Signs of	Recheck signs of	
Signs of	submerged in the pool. You remove her	circulation	circulation (present)	
circulation	from the water and place her on the pool	return	Recheck breathing	
return	deck. A bystander who does not know	Breathing	(breathing <b>not</b> present)	
Breathing does	CPR is present.	does <b>not</b>	Continue rescue	

not return	The instructor may wish to explain that	return	breathing
(requiring	cardiac arrest will follow respiratory	(requiring	
continued	arrest in a submersion incident if duration	continued	
rescue	and hypoxia are significant.	rescue	*Library/school = 911
breathing)		breathing)	*Camp = 911 unless other
	You are a bus driver/tour guide. You		emergency number is
	hear a woman scream for help, and you		available
	see her 3-year-old son become		*Bus driver/tour guide =
	motionless in his stroller. A bystander		911
	who does not know CPR is present.		

HS Child CPR (B)